The Daily Gazetteer.

NUMB. 84

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9. 1735. Price 2d.

Quis cælum terris non miſceat, & mare cælo,
Si fur diſpliceat Verri, *homicida* Miloni?
Clodius *accuſet mœchos*, Catilina *Cethegum?*

THE beſt Religion hath ſuffer'd much Reproach and Contumely thro' the Sides of its Teachers or Profeſſors. The beſt Cauſe which ever was advanced in the World, hath been drawn into general Suſpicion from the Characters of ſome of its Leaders or Abettors. And the *Reformation of theſe Times*, as it is conducted by our *preſent excellent Patriots*, may vie with the moſt *perfect Righteouſneſs* itſelf, in Point of Reproach and Suſpicion.

THIS diſtinguiſhing Circumſtance of the *preſent Oppoſition*, ariſes from the peculiar CHARACTERS of its *principal Confederates*; whom, tho' I venture not to ſtyle *falſe Apoſtles*, and have no Pretence to call *falſe Brethren*, yet there is not a *Crime againſt Mankind*, which can poſſibly be committed, but hath actually been committed by ſome of their *Fraternity*.

IF Combination to overthrow the Religion, Laws, and Liberties of this Kingdom; if Conſpiracy to introduce an abjured Pretender to the Crown; if to plunder and impoveriſh the People, or Breach of Truſt, and notorious Corruption, cenſured and declared, not by *prevailing Party*, but by the Voice of all Mankind; not by the *caſual Majority* of one Houſe, nor by an arbitrary, *partial*, prejudiced Vote; but by the *unanimous Judgment* of both Houſes of Parliament, paſſed into a Law; not to gratify the Rage or Neceſſities of Faction, but to anſwer the Cries of an injured Nation, imploring Juſtice againſt the moſt *notorious* Offenders: If theſe are Crimes, if this be Infamy, then have our Patriots the *Criminal* and the *Infamous* in their Society; and the Oppoſition againſt this Government muſt be allowed to ariſe from Men of ſuch Characters.

IN every Oppoſition to an Adminiſtration, two things are principally to be conſidered; —— *the Incitements* and *the Tendency* of ſuch an Oppoſition. —— For Mankind are by theſe Lights, to judge of the Profeſſions which are made by thoſe who conduct it, and of the Profit which may accrue to the Publick from its Succeſs.

NOW, *the Incitements* to Oppoſition in the Mind of one, who hath committed every Crime againſt the Publick, and been puniſhed for his Crimes by publick Juſtice, cannot be any other than to avenge himſelf of thoſe who detected his Crimes, and procured the Puniſhment of them. And from this Motive he will work all Miſchief to a State, that he may diſtreſs or deſtroy that Government which rendered this Juſtice to the People. This is the *firſt* Principle of all ſuch Oppoſition; 'tis the *ruling* Paſſion in every Criminal, to deſtroy the Judge by whom he is condemned.

THE *Tendency* then of ſuch an Oppoſition, muſt be, that if he ſhall ever have thoſe Perſons in his Power who brought him to Juſtice; he muſt conſequently have the whole People in his Power, at whoſe Suit he was judged. He muſt, by overthrowing thoſe who diſabled him, throw off his Diſability to proceed in his Crimes. At the ſame time wherein he vindicates his former Conduct from Infamy, he renews the Courſe of thoſe infamous Actions for which he was condemned, and inſtead of being a *proſcribed Criminal*, becomes a *ſcourged Deſtroyer*; ſince by avowing, nay, by excuſing the Juſtice or Legality of his former Actions, he eſtabliſhes a Doctrine, that the ſame Actions, in future Inſtances, will neither be unjuſt nor unlawful.

IN order to judge from this determined View of ſuch Men, and this notorious Tendency of their Proceedings, what they mean by their publick Pretences and Profeſſions, we muſt compare their Actions with their Allegations. If, under the Circumſtance of Infamy, earned by enormous Crimes, they maintain the Innocence of *their* Actions; we may fairly maintain the Innocence of thoſe Perſons whom *they* accuſe of any Enormity, or whom *they* would make infamous; for they who, notwithſtanding the Conviction of their Guilt, can inſiſt upon their Innocence, will accuſe the moſt innocent of Crimes, and eagerly ſollicit to exteminate their own Shame, by involving others in their Infamy.

TAKE their Meaning therefore in the natural Way of explaining it; and if they clamour *that the Conſtitution is in Danger*, this can only ſignify, that *it is out of their Power to hurt the Conſtitution*; or, if they complain, that *the Publick Revenue is ill managed*, they mean only, that *they have not the Management of the Publick Revenue*. And thus, in every other Inſtance, their *Invectives againſt an Adminiſtration* are merely the *Indications of their own Incapacity*. They abuſe becauſe they are infamous; they oppoſe, becauſe they are not abſolved of their Guilt, and diſcharged from their Puniſhment.

AGAIN, the Characters and Conduct of ſuch Men give Light concerning the Views and Deſigns, the Meaning and Tendency of the Profeſſions of other Men, who adopt and ally themſelves to them; and who, tho' they ever ſo bitterly inveigh againſt an Adminiſtration, do not condemn it in their Hearts, tho' they accuſe it in their Speeches.

FOR he who receives a Criminal as his Confederate, can have no Quarrel with his Crimes; and he who accuſes others of Enormities, which he ſanctifies by his Protection, ſhews his Malice to co-operate with his Inſincerity; whilſt he would blacken one Man by the Suggeſtion of Crimes, which, he knows, at the ſame Inſtant, dwell under the Roof with himſelf; and whilſt he gives Countenance to another Man in thoſe Crimes which he accuſes, and which he pretends to abhor in different Perſons.

THIS will lead us to contemplate the Proſpect of that *Reformation of Manners* which we are to expect from ſuch *Profeſſors of Virtue*, who ſet out with a Creed, that their own *worſt* Actions are meritorious, and that the *beſt* Qualities of other Men, are wicked and to be deteſted.

IF a Faction ſucceed in their Oppoſition, and prevail over that Adminiſtration which they would make moſt odious: If the firſt Mover of this Faction ſhall declare, *that he wants no Employment*, that he will *not accept* of one, that he *only deſires to have his Friends employed*, that the Publick Affairs may be truſted in the Hands of Men whom he approves, and that thoſe Perſons may be veſted with the Adminiſtration, who have given him the greateſt Aſſiſtance in the Oppoſition: In this Caſe, we muſt *not look to him* as the Guide of our Foreign Negotiations, or the Guardian of our Publick Revenue, but are *to be reſigned* into the Hands of thoſe who have furniſhed him with Matter of Reproach againſt the Management of theſe important Intereſts in the Hands of other Miniſters.

IF then the GRAND ACCUSER of *our Negotiations Abroad*, and of our Care of the *Conſtitution at Home*, be that *Greateſt*, that *Prodigious Criminal*, who made the *Britiſh Name* a Word of Reproach in all the Courts of *Europe*, and who incited a *Civil War* in this Kingdom to exterminate the Conſtitution: In a word, that *Character of various Wickedneſs*, that COALITION *of Iniquities*, in whom are united all thoſe Crimes which ſeparately have made other Offenders moſt obnoxious to Juſtice, and odious to Mankind:

OR, if the *Grand Accuſer* of this Adminiſtration in the Article of the PUBLICK REVENUE, be a Perſon who, with no Ability but *Craft*, and no Recommendation but his own *Aſſurance*, aſſumed the Character of a *Man of Buſineſs*, and thruſt himſelf into the Management of Affairs; who, conſtant to no Intereſt but his own, courted and changed all Parties; and who, void of all Principles, ſerved under all Miniſters that would truſt or employ him, with a puzzled and perplexed Underſtanding, pretending to the Knowledge of Figures and Finances; ſo zealous for reducing the Publick Debts as to pay off Sums owing at *Four per Cent*; and ſo dexterous to avoid new Incumbrances, as to borrow again the ſame Money at Five: A great Diſcerner of Conſequences, and a mighty Enemy to Frauds, confeſſing that he knew, and pretending that he dreaded the Tendency of the moſt flagitious Scheme which ever was deviſed to impoveriſh a Nation, yet lending his Hand to advance its Progreſs, and making the utmoſt Profit to himſelf of the wicked Secret; affecting to have it thought that he had no Intimacy with the Contrivers of the Ruin, yet, in the ſame Breath, owning to his Judges that he proſtituted the Dignity of his high Office, to wait on an infamous Director *for his Commands to the Treaſury*, and that he ſubmitted to *aſk Leave for going into the Country* from the ſame venerable Perſon. For theſe Crimes purſued by the Juſtice of his Country, and condemned for *Breach of Truſt, and moſt notorious* and *moſt infamous Corruption*; yet not repenting himſelf of his flagrant Iniquities, but avenging his Puniſhment on that Perſon who mitigated the Severity, and ſaved him from the Rigour of Juſtice; conceiving *unreaſonable Jealouſies* of that Perſon, and, without other Ground, moſt baſely and *privately miſrepreſenting him*, even where Falſhood muſt be moſt unpardonable, and the Succeſs of it moſt injurious; diſappointed in his Malice by the Folly and Miſtake of his diſhoneſt Suggeſtions, and though failing in the Foundation of his Quarrel, yet increaſing in Rage from the Want of any tolerable Pretence to ſupport it: Not exempt from Suſpicion of Fraud even in the Commutation of his Guilt, and known to have *realized* more Wealth after having ſatisfied his Sentence, than he would own himſelf to be worth before it; outvying in Poſſeſſions and Expences with Miniſters of the Firſt Rank, and of the longeſt Standing; and this on no other Foundation than the Profits of inferior Employments, not enjoyed beyond Three or Four Years: And, after ſuch provoking Crimes, permitted to riot in his Plunder without Publick Reproach or Private Uneaſineſs; yet, not ſatisfied with ſo much Indulgence and Protection, entering into every Cabal, and encouraging every Attempt to diſturb the Government, to diſtreſs the Adminiſtration, and to vilify the Miniſters as unworthy to be truſted with Affairs, becauſe the Juſtice of Parliament hath made him incapable of Truſt:

IF Theſe are the Men to be obtruded on the Nation, as beſt of all qualified to govern the *People of Britain*, and worthy to ſupplant that Perſon whom the Choice of *Two* great *Kings* hath honoured with the Weight of the Adminiſtration: If, for Their Sake, and for Their Re-admiſſion, He is to be libelled, inſulted, and ſacrificed; if They are to riſe on the Ruins of His Fame and Fortune; and if all the great Works now carrying on are meant to accompliſh theſe virtuous and publick Ends: The World muſt be left to judge what Benefits will accrue *from the Change*, and what Improvements of our *National Councils*, and *Publick Credit*, ought to be looked for, when our *Foreign Affairs* and our *Publick Funds* ſhall be reſigned to the Wiſdom and Integrity of two ſuch Miniſters; in whoſe Praiſe it is hard to pronounce which of their Names will be longeſt remembered, or which of their Adminiſtrations will be lateſt felt by this Kingdom.

Yeſterday arrived a Mail from France.

Paris, October 18.

IT ſeems that the Generals of the Allies having heard, that the City of Mantua was in want almoſt of every thing, and conſidering that the Seaſon moreover was very far advanced, have laid aſide the Reſolution they had taken to beſiege it, and intend only to keep it ſtrictly blocked up.

LONDON.

On Monday laſt the Reverend Mr. Richard Meadowcourt, Fellow of Merton College in Oxford, had the Honour to kiſs her Majeſty's Hand, on his being appointed a Prebendary, or Canon, of the Cathedral Church of Worceſter, vacant by the Death of the Rev. Dr. Holland; and on Tueſday laſt he had the Honour to kiſs his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales's Hand, on the like Occaſion.

Yeſterday Morning died in an advanced Age, at his Houſe in Bond-ſtreet, Charles Boone, Eſq; formerly Governor of Bengal. He was Member in the laſt Parliament for Ludgerſhall in Wilts, and Father of Daniel Boone, Eſq; the preſent Member for the ſaid Borough.

The ſame Day Sir Charles Wager went down in the Admiralty Barge from Whitehall to Greenwich, hoiſted his Flag on board the William and Mary Yacht, and in the Afternoon ſet Sail, with the reſt of his Majeſty's Yachts, having on board the Lords Delawar and Harvey,

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Harvey, and ſeveral Gentlemen of the Board of Greenwich, &c. They are to be joined at the Nore, with five Men of War, from whence they will proceed to wait his Majeſty's Arrival.

Yeſterday the Royal Regiment of Blue Guards marched from Brentford, into Eſſex and Kent, in order to lie upon the Roads, to wait his Majeſty's Arrival, and to eſcort him to Kenſington.

The ſame Morning, the Corpſe of the late Dutcheſs of Bedford was carried out of Town, in great Funeral Pomp and Solemnity, for Interment as formerly mentioned.

This Day the ſeveral Priſoners in the Gatehouſe and other Gaols, will be removed to Newgate, to take their Trials at the enſuing Seſſions at the Old Baily, which begin on Wedneſday next.

Laſt Friday Night, the Corpſe of the late Lord Viſcount Howe, was interred at Langor Caſtle in Nottinghamſhire.

Yeſterday a Commiſſion was ſent from the Admiralty-Office to Lisbon, appointing the Lord Fitzroy, ſecond Son to the Duke of Grafton, a Junior Lieutenant on board his Majeſty's Ship the Britannia.

The ſame Day Sir Brownlow Sherred, Bart. lay dangerouſly ill at his Houſe in Burlington-Gardens.

This Day the Duke and Dutcheſs of Queensberry are expected in Town from the Spaw in Germany, where her Grace has been for the Recovery of her Health.

Northampton, Oct. 6. We are aſſured that the Report in the Publick Papers, of his Grace the Duke of Marlborough receiving 10,000 l. of Capt. Backwell, on Condition of 2000 l. to be paid yearly during their joint Lives, is very groundleſs and falſe.

On Thurſday laſt the Rev. Edward Watkin, M. A. was inducted into the Vicarage of St. Giles's in this Town, to which he was lately preſented by the Rev. Nathaniel Whaly of the Kingdom of Ireland, vacant by the Death of the Rev. Mr. Stanier, the laſt Incumbent.

On Sunday the 28th of laſt Month, a barbarous Murder was commited by David White, a Farmer, of Maidford in this County, on the Body of Samuel Earle, a Herdſman of that Town: The Farmer thinking that the Herdſman had neglected to bring Home his Cows, went to enquire the Cauſe of it, and meeting him by the Way, beat and bruiſed him to ſuch a Degree, that he died of the Wounds the next Day.

Gloucester, Oct. 6. Laſt Week died at her Seat at Slaughter, near Stow in this County, of a ſore Throat, with which ſhe was afflicted but a few Days, that Pattern of her Sex, Mrs. Whitmore, very much lamented by all who had the Happineſs to be acquainted with her, and eſpecially by the Poor. And two Days after died, of the ſame Diſtemper, her eldeſt Daughter, about 22 Years of Age, a fine accompliſhed young Lady.

This Day Richard Lewis, Eſq; was ſworn into the Office of Mayor of this City for the Year enſuing.

Yeſterday Bank Stock was 142 3-8ths for the Opening. India 151. South Sea 83 7-8ths. Old Annuity 108 3-8ths to 1 half, for the Opening. New ditto 107 1-8th to 1-4th. Three per Cent. Annuity 94 3-4ths. Emperor's Loan 102. Royal-Aſſurance 98 1-4th. London-Aſſurance 12 5-8ths, to 3 4ths. York Buildings 2. African 15 1-half. India Bonds 5 l. Premium. Three per Cent. ditto 21. 18s. Premium. S. Sea Bonds 3l. 8s. Premium. New Bank Circulation 3l. 17s. 6d. to 4l. Premium. Salt Tallies 3l. 5s. to 10s. Premium. Engliſh Copper 2l. 2s. Welſh ditto, Books ſhut. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 15 s. per Cent. Diſcount.

Admiralty-Office, October 7. 1735.

MY Lords Commiſſioners of the Admiralty do hereby give Notice, That Orders will be ſent to the Commanders of all His Majeſty's Ships and Veſſels, not to impreſs any more Men for the Fleet, till further Orders, either from Homeward-bound Merchant Ships, or any others whatſoever.

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I. Dialogues concerning ELOQUENCE in general, and particularly that Kind which is fit for the Pulpit. By the late Archbiſhop of Cambray. With his Letter to the French Academy, on Rhetorick, Poetry, Hiſtory; and a Compariſon betwixt the Antients and Moderns. Tranſlated from the French, and illuſtrated with Notes and Quotations. By W. STEVENSON, D. D. Prebendary of Sarum.

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By Order of the Lord Keeper of the Seals, I have read a Manuſcript, intituled, The Life of SETHOS: *This Work, which containeth excellent Leſſons of the moſt refined Morality, and is full of ſolid and the moſt extenſive Learning, cannot fail of being equally inſtructive and entertaining.*

Paris, Jan. 29, 1731. LANCELOT.

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Motto to LAYER's Scheme.

Advertiſement concerning this Book.

This Maſterpiece of religious Policy was publiſhed, many Years ſince, in Latin, French, and Dutch: Mr. John Schipper, a Bookſeller at Amſterdam, bought one of them at Antwerp, among other Books, and afterwards reprinted it. The Jeſuits, being informed that he had purchaſed this Book, demanded it back from him; but he had then ſent it to Holland. One of the Society, who lived at Amſterdam, hearing it ſaid, ſoon after, to a Catholick Bookſeller, by Name Van Eyke, that Schipper was printing a Book which concerned the Jeſuits; replied, that if it was only *The Rules of the Society*, he ſhould not be under any Concern; but deſired he would inform mhiſelf what it was. Being told by the Bookſeller, that it was *The Secret Inſtructions of the Society*, the good Father, ſhrugging up his Shoulders, and knitting his Brow, ſaid, that he ſaw no other Remedy but denying that this Piece came from the Society. The Reverend Fathers however thought it more adviſeable to purchaſe the whole Edition, which they ſoon after did, ſome few Copies excepted; from one of theſe it was afterwards reprinted, with this Account prefixed; which is there ſaid to be taken from two Roman Catholicks, Men of Credit.

IX. A REPORT from the COMMITTEE appointed to inſpect the Papers ſeized in the Houſes or Lodgings of Mac Carthy, alias Rabah, a reputed Titular Popiſh Biſhop; and Joſeph Nayle, a reputed Popiſh Sollicitor, both of the City of Corke. Together with an Appendix, containing all the ORIGINAL PAPERS referred to in this Report. Publiſhed by Order of the Houſe of Commons of Ireland. Pr. 6 d.

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It is to be obſerved,

(After the Satisfaction of all Perſons, who are fearful and doubtful of uſing any Publick Medicines)

That there never was, nor will be, a good and beneficial Medicine publiſhed to the World, without finding Enemies, whoſe Intereſt it is, not only to decry and vilify, but often to counterfeit it; and the better the Medicine, the greater the Oppoſition: Therefore all doubtful People ſhould have Recourſe to Experience, the infallible Atteſter of Truth, without Prejudice or Partiality. Let them enquire of the Sellers of the Medicine, either where it is ſold, but rather of thoſe who have uſed it; and if they are informed the Effects anſwer the Intentions, let them freely uſe it, without regarding what Malice, Intereſt, or Prejudice may ſuggeſt againſt it. This is all the Anſwer I intend for foul-mouthed Railers and unfair Counterfeits, who make a Trade of impoſing upon Mankind.

The GRAND SPECIFICK *for Cleanſing and Strengthening the Reins, &c.*

A Medicine that hath gain'd ſo much Reputation, for theſe many Years it has been publiſhed, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Caſes, has at all hinder'd the juſt Reputation this firſt and only Specifick, for theſe Purpoſes, hath and does obtain, by its moſt noble Effects.

For it may be certainly depended on as abſolutely effectual for carrying off, by Urine, ſafely and ſpeedily, all the Relicts of ſecret Injuries, Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepared Mercurials, Gleets or Weakneſſes, thro' tedious or ill managed Cures of the Venereal Diſeaſe; or from Self-pollution, immoderate Coition, &c.

Alſo any Weakneſſes of the Veſſels from Wrenches, Strains, Blows, or Falls, and all other Obſtructions in the Urinary Paſſages, even Stranguries, Ulcers, &c. are perfectly cured by it, be they of ever ſo long ſtanding; which Relicts and Ailments are, in Part, diſcovered by theſe following Symptoms, viz. Weakneſs and Pain in the Back, a Sharpneſs in the Urine, its ſtrong Smell, Films or Hairs as it were floating about in it, and, in ſome, too frequent Occaſion to make it.

This noble Specifick is alſo of ſingular and very extraordinary Uſe and Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even ſmall Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that obſtructs the Urine, bringing all away in a few Times taking, with Safety, and to the very great Satisfaction of the Patients, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and particularly by a Gentleman, whoſe Caſe has ſo often been mentioned in this Advertiſement, by a Certificate of his Cure, who, on taking but a little of this noble Specifick, voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an inſupportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a ſhort Continuance of it.

It alſo ſtrengthens and recovers, after a particular Manner, all Relaxations of the Veſſels, confirms the Parts, bringing all into Order, and thereby perfects the Cure to Admiration. It is a very pleaſant Medicine, and will be found of unconceived Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reaſon of its being made publick, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Caſes above-mentioned.

One Bottle, in moſt Caſes, is ſufficient for a perfect Cure, as you will ſee by the Directions given with it.

Sold at 7 s 6 d. the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Toy-ſhop, at the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry.

LONDON: Printed for T. COOPER, at the *Globe* in *Pater-noſter-Row.*